Economic Losses from Pollution Closure of Clam Harvesting Areas in Machias Bay

Kevin Athearn, Ph.D.
University of Maine at Machias

June 8, 2012

Tora Johnson (UMM) and Brian Beal (UMM) assisted with this study.

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Value of Conservation

Physical health

Mental health

Water supply

Quality of life

Recreation

Food supply

Water purification

Clean air

Income

Wildlife

Jobs

Assimilation of wastes

Pollination of Crops

Medicines and pharmaceuticals

Energy

Mitigation of floods and droughts

Soil formation

Erosion Control

Value of Conservation

Value for a community or region

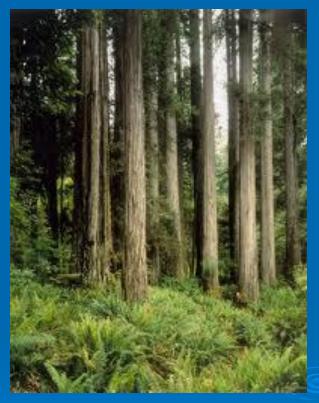
- Economic indicators
 - GDP, income, jobs
- Community/sustainability indicators
 - Sustainable Seattle Happiness Initiative
 - Gross National Happiness Index
 - Happy Planet Index
 - Regional sustainability indicators





Economic Perspective

- Environment as an asset
- Forms of capital:
 - 1. Natural capital
 - 2. Human capital
 - 3. Social capital
 - 4. Manufactured capital
 - 5. Financial capital

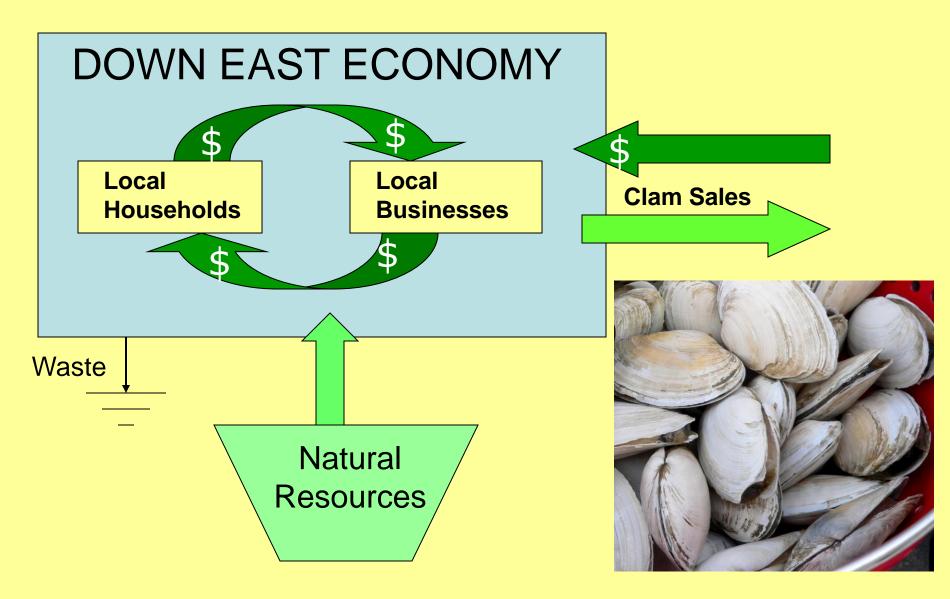


Improvements in quality and quantity of natural capital enhance the potential flow of benefits.



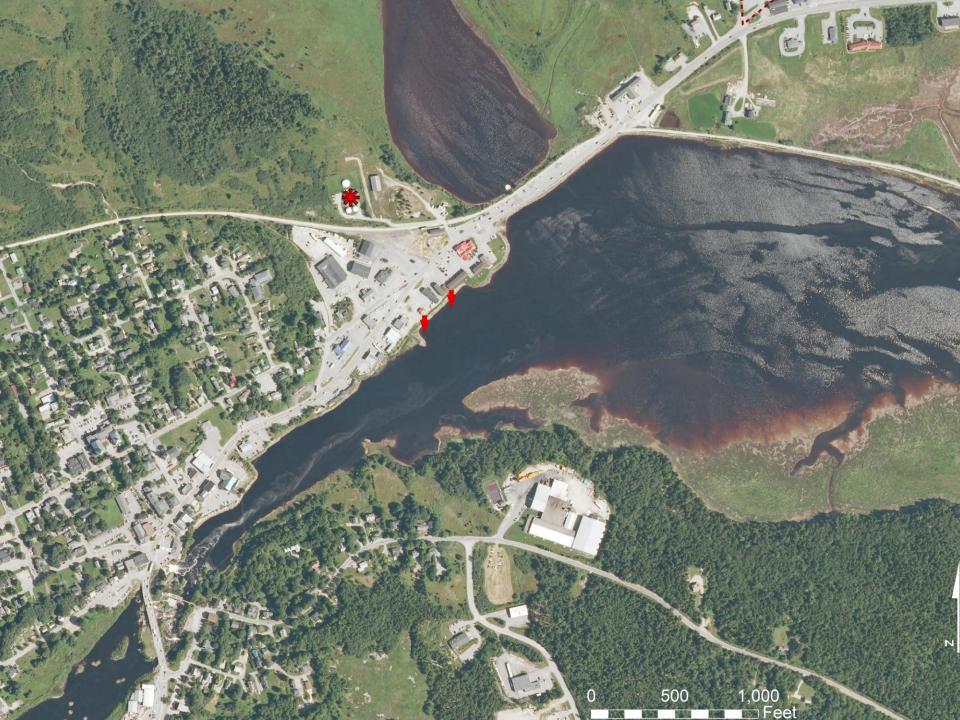






DOWN EAST ENVIRONMENT











0.25 0.5

1.5

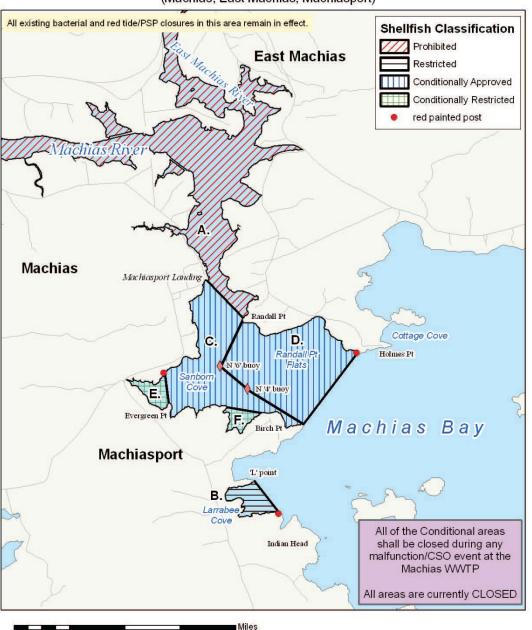
Maine Department of Marine Resources

Pollution Area No. 55

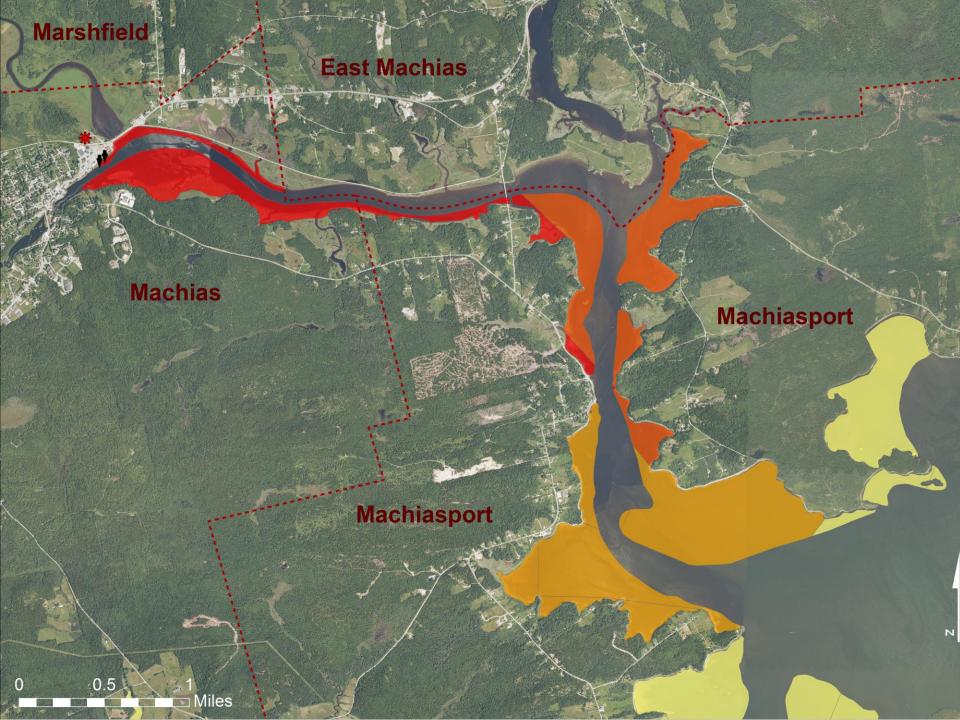


Machias and East Machias Rivers, Machias Bay and vicinity (Machias, East Machias, Machiasport)

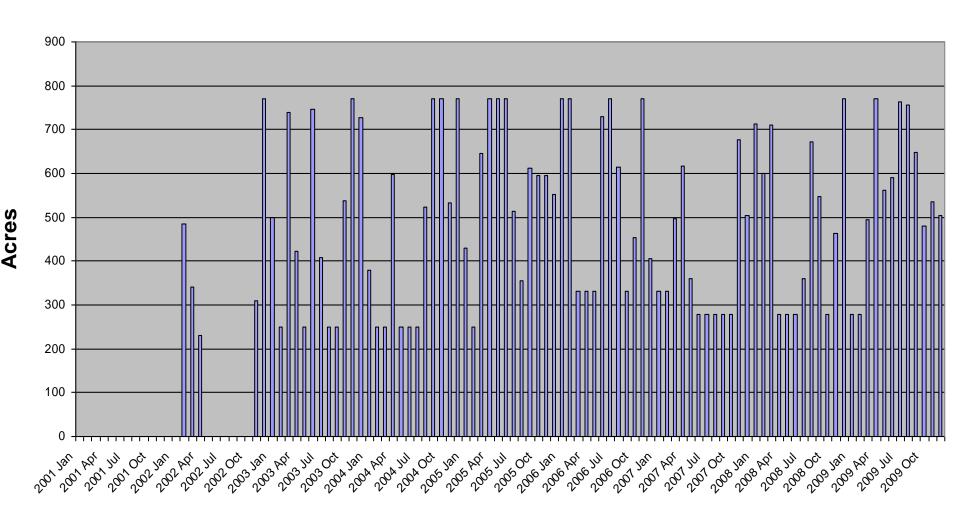
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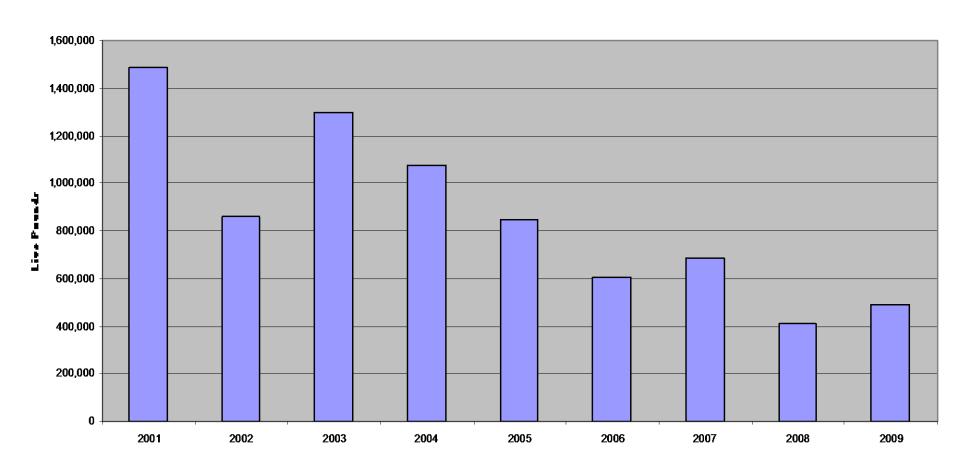


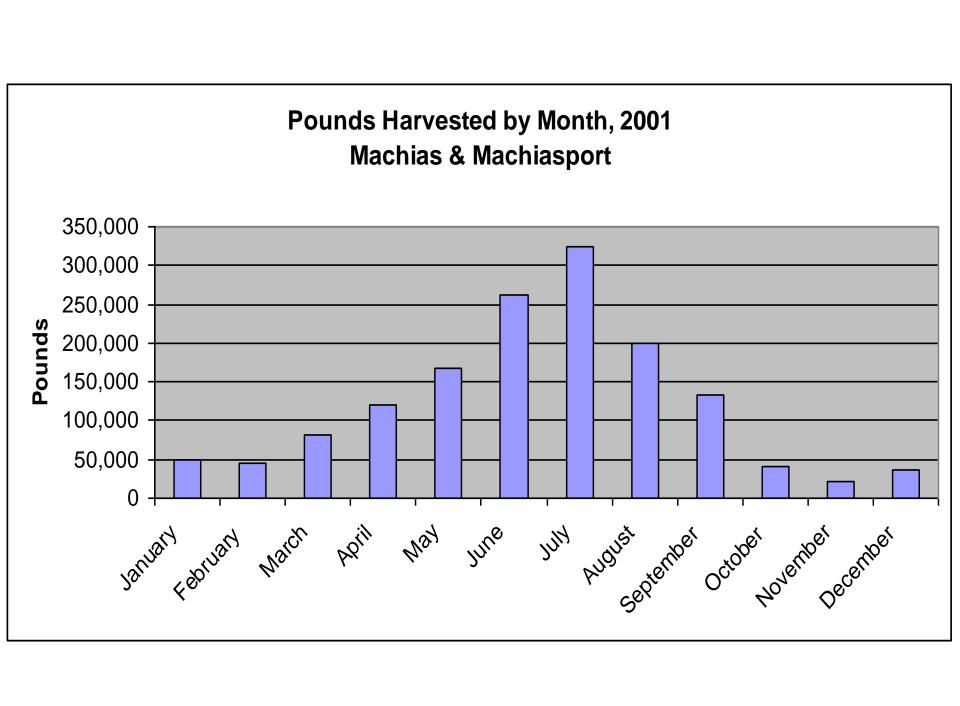


Monthly Average Closed Acres Per Tide, Linked to Machias WWTP



Pounds Harvested by Year Machias & Machiasport





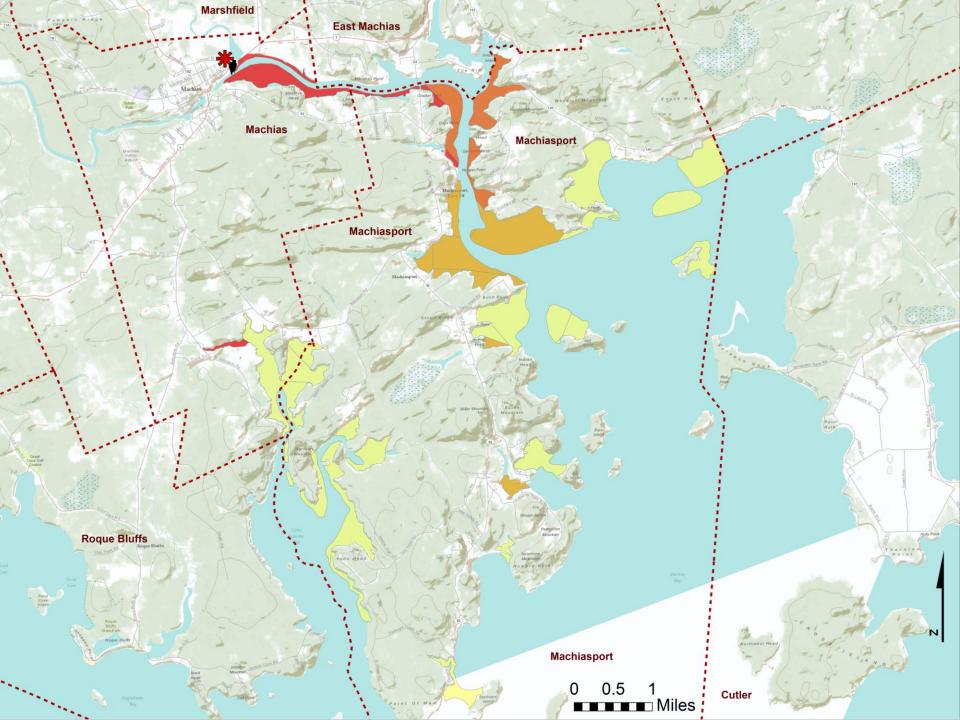
Analysis 2001-2009

- Test for relationship between pollution closures and monthly clam sales
- Estimate magnitude of lost clam sales attributed to pollution closures
- 3. Estimate local economic impact (loss) from pollution closures

GIS

- Mapped intertidal areas of Machias Bay and Little Kennebec Bay
- Divided intertidal areas into 22 distinct polygons to show daily closure status, 2001-2009
- Calculated acreage of each polygon to obtain daily closed (& open) acreage

GIS work completed with a lot of help from Tora Johnson, Director of GIS Service Center, University of Maine at Machias.



Interviews

Interviewed 11 clam diggers to learn about...

- 1. Factors affecting harvesting effort
- 2. Factors believed to affect landings
- 3. Expenditure related to clamming
- 4. Where local clams are sold
- 5. How pollution closures affect clam diggers

Interviews

Interviewed 2 clam dealers to learn about...

- 1. Factors perceived to affect clam landings
- 2. Market channels for local clams
- How closures affect seafood dealers

Statistical Model

Dependent Variable: Monthly Clam Landings (lbs)				
Independent Variable	Coefficient Estimate	t Statistic	P Value	R ²
Price of Clams, Infl.Adj.	85122.1	6.0878	<0.0001	
Average Open Acres	51.8357	5.3163	<0.0001	0.71
2002 Truck Buyer Dummy	-65122.6	-3.6758	0.0004	
WC Other Seafood Landings \$	-0.00846	-3.446	0.0008	
Number of Daylight Tides	3908.505	3.1125	0.0024	
Avg Daily Mean Temperature	1631.315	2.4957	0.0142	

Lost Clam Sales from WWTP Closures, 2001-2009

Lost Clam Landings:* 2.3 million lbs

Lost Value to Diggers:* \$3.2 million (2010 dollars, inflation adjusted)

*Preliminary results, pending further analysis

Washington County Economic Impact

Direct Impact	\$3.42 million
Indirect Impact	\$1.71 million
Total Lost Output	\$5.13 million
Total Lost Income	\$3.44 million

^{*}Preliminary results, pending further analysis

Value of WWTP Upgrades

- Increase supply of clams to Northeast U.S. consumers
- Increase income for local clam diggers and seafood dealers
- 3. Increase income for local businesses

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